UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/700,855	11/04/2003	Bengt Lindoff	040072-247	6321
	7590 10/07/200 TENT GROUP PLLC	EXAMINER		
P. O. BOX 270		TAYONG, HELENE E		
FREDERICKS.	BURG, VA 22404		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2611	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/07/2008	FI ECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

tammy@ppglaw.com

Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
		10/700,855	5	LINDOFF ET AL.					
Office Action Summary			Examiner		Art Unit				
			HELENE T		2611				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commur or Reply	nication app	ears on the	cover sheet with the o	correspondence ac	ldress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN Isions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- period for reply is specified above, the maximum is the to reply within the set or extended period for reply teply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DA s of 37 CFR 1.13 munication. tatutory period w y will, by statute,	ATE OF THI 66(a). In no ever ill apply and will cause the applic	S COMMUNICATION It, however, may a reply be tine expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>08 Se</i>	eptember 20	008					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 September 2008</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)		<i>,</i> —			osecution as to the	e merits is			
٥,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application.								
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	Claim(s) 36 is/are allowed.								
'=	☑ Claim(s) <u>35</u> is/are allowed. ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-11,15-19 and 21-32</u> is/are rejected.								
· · —	Claim(s) <u>12-14,20 and 33-35</u> is/are	-							
	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	-		guirement.					
	on Papers			•					
•	The specification is objected to by the								
10)⊠	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 November 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any object			-					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	_	-		-	, ,			
11)	11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some col None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date			4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

Art Unit: 2611

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 9/8/08.

Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last
 Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Claims 1-36 are pending in this application and have been considered below.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicants arguments regarding the rejection of claims 1, 4-11, 16-19, 21-25, 27-30, and 32 rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as allegedly being unpatentable over Tiirola et al (US 20040076132 -- henceforth "Tiirola") in view of Wang (US 20060154633), and further in view of Jalloul et al (US 7,251,497 -- henceforth "Jalloul") have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 4-11, 16-19, 21-25, 27-30 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang (US 20060154633) in view of Jalloul et al (US 7251497).
 - (1) with regards to claims 1, 25 and 30;

Wang discloses in (figures 7-10) discloses a (method /apparatus/computer program) of estimating interference (fig.10,s3) in a terminal in a code division multiple access communication system (figure 1, page 2, [0032]), in which a pilot channel uses a scrambling code and the terminal uses an alternative scrambling code on a dedicated channel determined by a channelization code (page 3, [0040]-[0046]), comprising the steps of:

Page 3

estimating the interference by determining a variance of symbols in a portion of the dedicated channel (fig. 2, 204 and page 3, [0050]-[0058], page 4, [0070]).

determining an empty channelization code m (fig. 7, 28) under the alternative scrambling code (fig.4-6) (page 3, [0043]).

using the empty channelization code m for estimating the interference (see abstract, figure 7, 32 and page 3, [0043]-[0046]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have utilized the method of Wang in the method of Tiirola et al in order for high accuracy of the IN estimation (page 1, [0008]).

Wang discloses all of the subject matter discussed above, but for specifically teaching estimating the interference by determining a variance of symbols in at least two portion of the dedicated channel.

However, Jalloul et al in the same endeavor (calculating SIR in CDMA system) discloses in (fig.1) estimating the interference by determining a variance of symbols in at least two portion of the dedicated channel (fig. 1, UL-DPDCH/DPCCH, fig. 5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

Art Unit: 2611

invention to have utilized the method of Jalloul et al in the method of Wang in order to estimate the signal-to-noise variance of the received signal and used to solve signal power and interference power (col. 1, lines 29-34).

(2) with regards to claim 4;

Wang discloses further discloses wherein the dedicated channel is a dedicated physical channel (DPCH) (page 3, [0046]) and the pilot channel is a common pilot channel (CPICH) (page 3, [0040]-[0043] and [0046]).

(3) with regards to claim 5;

Wang further discloses determining an empty channelization code m based on either information of such an empty code or identification of the empty code (see abstract, fig. 7, 28 and page 3, [0043]-[0046]).

(4) with regards to claim 6;

Wang further discloses wherein the information of the empty channelization code m is included in a message sent to the terminal (figure 10 and page 4, [0052]).

(5) with regards to claim 7;

Wang further discloses implicitly discloses wherein the information of an empty channelization code m is included in a specification of the communication system (page 3, [0038]).

(6) with regards to claim 8;

Wang further discloses wherein the information of an empty channelization code includes channelization codes used by a common control channel (fig. 7, fig. 5 and page 3, [0039]-[0040]).

Application/Control Number: 10/700,855

Art Unit: 2611

(7) with regards to claims 9,17, 21, 27 and 32;

Wang further discloses wherein identification of the empty channelization code m comprises the steps of: generating an initial interference estimate (I-estimate); setting a threshold based on the initial I-estimate; selecting a candidate empty channelization code; for the candidate empty channelization code, forming an I-estimate; comparing the formed I-estimate to the threshold; and if the formed I-estimate exceeds the threshold, selecting another candidate empty code and repeating the forming and comparing steps, otherwise identifying the candidate empty code as the empty channelization code. Wang discloses in figure 10, a method which estimates the power of a desired channel using its channelization (fig. 10 and page 4, [0052]).

Page 5

(8) with regards to claims 10 and 18;

Wang further discloses wherein the initial I-estimate is based on a variance of symbols in a signal received by the terminal (page 3, [0042]).

(9) with regards to claims 11 and 19;

Wang further discloses implicitly discloses in (fig. 7, a selector (28)) that searches for and selects an idle channelization (see abstract, and [age 3, [0043]-[0046]).

(10) with regards to claim 16;

Wang further discloses further discloses wherein the estimated interference is used for estimating a signal-to-interference ratio (page 3, [0046]).

(11) with regards to claims 22 and 28;

Wang further discloses wherein a threshold is derived from the initial I-estimate

by filtering the initial I-estimate. Wang implicitly discloses in (fig. 7, a selector (28)) that searches for and selects an idle channelization (see abstract, and [age 3, [0043]-[0046]).

(12) with regards to claims 23 and 24;

Wang further discloses wherein the candidate empty channelization code m is selected based on predetermined code allocation rules as applied in claim 23 and

wherein the candidate empty channelization code m is selected by determining a channelization code used by a channel, locating the used channelization code in a code tree, and choosing as the candidate empty channelization code m a code in the code tree that is remote from the used channelization code (fig. 5 and 6 and page 3, [0039]-[0042]).

(13) with regards to claim 29;

Wang further discloses wherein the terminal complies with a standard for a universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS) (also known as W-CDMA), (fig. 1 and page 2, [0025] and [0032]).

- 5. Claims 2-3,15, 26 and 31 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang (US 20060154633) in view of Jalloul et al (US 7251497) as applied in claims 1, 25 and 30 above, and further in view of Jokinen et al (US 6038238).
 - (1) with regards to claims 2, 26 and 31;

Wang as modified by Jalloul et al discloses wherein the variance of symbols is determined by estimating the interference by determining a variance of symbols in at least two portions of the dedicated channel (fig. 1, UL-DPDCH/DPCCH, fig. 5).

Wang as modified by Jalloul et al discloses all of the subject matter discussed above, but for specifically teaching determining whether the communication system is not using discontinuous transmission (DTX),

However, Jokinen et al in the same endeavor discloses in (fig.4), a method to realize discontinuous transmission (DTX) in a telecommunications network (col. 5, lines 20-36).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have utilized the method of Jokinen et al in the method of Wang as modified by Jalloul et al in order to determine whether the communication system is not using discontinuous transmission (DTX). The motivation to utilize the method of Jokinen et al in the method of Wang as modified by Jalloul et al would be to reduce co-channel interference and its effect on the communication quality (col. 1, lines 16-18).

(2) with regards to claims 3 and 15;

Wang further discloses wherein the at least two portions include a dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH) (page 3, [0040]-[0043]) and

implicitly discloses a dedicated physical data channel (generally, a dedicated radio link comprises a physical control channel called (DPCCH) dedicated physical control channel and physical data channels called DPDCH (dedicated physical data channel) (DPDCH).

Application/Control Number: 10/700,855

Art Unit: 2611

Allowable Subject Matter

Page 8

5. Claim 36 is allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The prior arts of record Wang (US 20060154633) and Jalloul et al (US 7251497) do not discloses

if the formed I-estimate exceeds the threshold, selecting another candidate empty channelization code and repeating the forming and comparing steps, otherwise identifying the candidate empty channelization code m as an empty channelization code,

wherein the I-estimate is formed according to $I_m = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left| d_k^m \right|^2$,

wherein:

Im is an estimate of interference power on a code m;

N is a number of symbols used in forming the I-estimate;

 d_k^m represents a k-th symbol despread with respect to applicable scrambling and channelization codes.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

6. Claims 12,13,14, 20,33, 34, 35 and 20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior arts of record Tiirola et al (US20040076132) in view of Wang (US

Art Unit: 2611

20060154633) and further in view of Jalloul et al (US 7251497) do not discloses wherein the interference is estimated by determining a variance of symbols according to

$$\hat{I}_{caccu} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left| a_{d}(k) - m_{d} \right|^{2} \, . \label{eq:icaccu}$$

wherein:

 \hat{I}_{DPCH} is an interference estimate for a dedicated physical channel (DPCH);

a_d (k) is a complex amplitude of a k-th sample of a despread received signal d_k;

N is a number of complex amplitudes; and

m_d is a mean of a number N of the complex amplitudes.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Willenegger et al (US 20030174686) discloses a method and apparatus for reducing interference-channel interference in a wireless communication system.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HELENE TAYONG whose telephone number is (571)270-1675. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 am to 5:30 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Liu Shuwang can be reached on 571-272-3036. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2611

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Helene Tayong/ Examiner, Art Unit 2611

September 30, 2008 /Shuwang Liu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2611